- 40. Camponotus lindigi Mayr.— A few soldiers and several workers.
- 41. **Camponotus rectangularis** *Emery.* Numerous soldiers and workers of the light-colored, typical form of this species.
- Camponotus claviscapus Forel.— Two soldiers and fourteen workers agreeing perfectly with Forel's description. There are also in my collection two females and two males taken in Nicaragua by Mr. Wm. None of these specimens has any trace of a carina on the clypeus so that I am unable to refer them to Forel's var. carinata of Guatemala. The female resembles the soldier very closely in the structure of the head and the distally incrassated antennal scapes. The thorax and gaster are long and narrow, the mesonotum being somewhat longer than broad and as broad as the head. The petiole is low and very thick, with blunt horizontal superior border when seen from behind. The gaster is nearly four times as long as broad, brown, with the anterior half of the first segment and a pair of large rectangular blotches on each of the succeeding segments, yellow. The wings are yellowish hyaline, with yellow veins and stigma.
- 43. Camponotus sericeiventris Guérin.— Two soldiers and a worker agreeing in all respects with specimens from various parts of Mexico.

## EXPLANATION OF PLATES.

## PLATE XI.

Fig. 1.—Cryptocerus angulosus F. Smith. Soldier.

Fig. 2.—Head of same seen from above.

Fig. 3.—Cryptocerus angulosus F. Smith. Worker.

Fig. 4.—Cheliomyrmex nortoni Mayr. Soldier.

Fig. 5.—Head of same seen from the front.

Fig. 6.—Terminal tarsal joints of same.

Fig. 7.—Cheliomyrmex nortoni Mayr. Intermediate worker, in profile.

Fig. 8.—Head of same seen from the front.

Fig. 9.—Cheliomyrmex nortoni Mayr. Small worker, drawn to same scale as Figs. 4 and 7.

## PLATE XII.

Pendent carton nest of Azteca schimperi Emery.