

At Claremont, Cala., where I hurriedly examined some 20 nests of this ant, I found the craters to vary from 4–8 inches in diameter, with a central opening $\frac{1}{4}$ – $\frac{3}{4}$ of an inch across. They were in dry, hard soil, often along roads or paths in situations where there was considerable vegetation, either chaparral, live-oaks (*Quercus agrifolia*) or scrub-oaks (*Q. dumosa*). In such localities the ants probably obtain their supply of nectar from the galls or from coccids and aphids on the oaks or other components of the chaparral. Mr. Leonard has given a more extensive account of the habits of *mojave* at Point Loma. He found that it is nocturnal like *horti-deorum* and that it visits aphids on carnations and roses, and the nectaries of the pepper tree (*Schinus molle*), rattle-snake weed (*Euphorbia setiloba*), honey plant (*Echium simplex*) and *Ceanothus cuneatus*. The last is a well-known element of the Californian chaparral.