

Head, excluding the mandibles, about as long as broad, with very short cheeks, rounded sides behind the eyes and distinctly excavated posterior border. Mandibles well-developed, with dentate borders. Clypeus convex, with three longitudinal ridges, its anterior border entire. Antennæ 10-jointed; scape as long as the second funicular joint, which is four times as long as the first and longer than joints 3-5 taken together. Thorax rather large, elliptical, broader than the head; mesonotum with distinct Mayrian furrows; epinotum unarmed, feebly convex and steep, without distinct base and declivity. Petiole with a peduncle nearly as long as the rounded node. Postpetiole transverse, about $1\frac{1}{2}$ times as broad as long, rounded above and on the sides. Gaster narrow; legs slender.

Shining; mandibles smooth; head rugose-punctate; thorax and petiole longitudinally rugose, pleuræ and epinotum more opaque, gaster and dorsal surface of petiole smooth and shining.

Hairs yellowish, long and erect, much as in the worker but proportionally longer on the legs.

Black; mandibles and tip of gaster sordid yellow; clypeus, antennæ and legs piceous; tarsi and articulations of legs yellowish. Wings brownish hyaline, with brown veins and stigma.

Described from numerous specimens taken by myself in the following localities:

Texas: Austin (type locality); New Braunfels, Alamito in Brewster County, Alice, San Angelo, Fort Davis, Kenedy, Langtry, Barkdale and Del Rio.

Arizona: Miller Cañon, Huachuca Mts.

This ant nests in small craters in dry, grassy places. There are scarcely more than 70 individuals in a colony. The workers are very timid and forage singly; the winged phases appear during the first week in June.

Subfamily DOLICHODERINÆ.

46. *Dolichoderus* (*Hypoclinea*) *taschenbergi* Mayr var. *aterrimus* nom. nov.

This name is suggested for the var. *gagates* Wheeler as Emery had previously described a *Dolichoderus* (*Monacis*) *gagates* from Parà, Brazil.

47. *Bothriomyrmex* *dimmocki* sp. nov.

Worker. Length: 1.6-1.8 mm.

Closely resembling the Mediterranean *B. meridionalis* but with eyes nearly twice as large and the distance between the eyes and the anterior borders of the head nearly equal to the length of the eyes. The clypeus is proportionally longer and more