

but it differs so much from the other known genera in the structure of the head and especially in the 2-jointed club of the antennae, the 4-toothed mandibles and the regularly arranged, setiform hairs on the dorsal surface, that it seems necessary to establish a distinct genus for its accommodation. Apart from the head, the structure of the body is very simple and primitive for an Attiine ant, even simpler and more primitive than in the genus *Proatta*, recently established by Forel for a unique Sumatran species. It would be interesting to know whether *Blepharidatta brasiliensis* cultivates fungi like all the other known American Attiini.

GLAMYROMYRMEX, gen. nov.

Worker. Small, monomorphic; closely related to *Strumigenys* and *Epitritus*, but differing greatly from these genera in the structure of the head, which is suboblong, with deep scrobes on the sides above the eyes for the accommodation of the antennae. Lateral border of the head forming with the expanded frontal carina and external border of the clypeus a translucent plate overarching the scrobe on each side. Gular region rather narrow so that the eyes, which are small and in front of the middle of the head are approximated and seem to be on its lower surface. Upper surface of head rather flat, separated by a very indistinct suture from the transverse clypeus. Ocelli, frontal groove, and frontal area absent. Mandibles small, with distinct apical borders, armed with a regular row of rather slender acute teeth. Antennae 6-jointed, funiculus with a 2-jointed clava. Thorax, pedicel, and gaster much as in *Strumigenys*; petiole, postpetiole, and base of gaster bearing spongiform appendages. Epinotum armed with a pair of spines and with acute metasternal angles. Upper surface of head smooth and shining, sculpture of remainder of body much as in *Strumigenys*. Hairs slender and pointed, not clavate.

Female. Head decidedly shorter and broader than in the worker and narrowed in front, but otherwise of similar structure. Eyes larger, ocelli well-developed. Remainder of body much like that of *Strumigenys*, and the wings of similar but even more reduced venation, as the base of the cubital vein is largely obsolete, although the anal vein is present. Petiole, postpetiole, and base of gaster with fungiform appendages as in the worker.

Male. Closely resembling the male of *Strumigenys*. Mandibles very small, with only a single, apical tooth. Head of the usual struc-