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Edirne yöresi çayır ve mer'a karıncaları  
üzerinde faunistik araştırmalar

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Summary

Faunistic study on meadow and pasture ants  
of Edirne Provinces

In this work, meadow and pasture ants of Edirne provinces were investigated during the spring and autumn periods of 1985 and 1986.

During the course of the research 16 genera and 40 species belonging to 3 subfamilies (Myrmicinae, Dolichoderinae, Formicinae) were determined. Of these, 31 species are new records for studied areas and Messor caducus is new record for Turkey.

Common species are Tetramorium caespitum, Formica cunicularia and Pheidole pallidula but rare species are more abundant in number (19 species) than the common species. Although the studied area displays anthropogenic step characteristic, boreal elements are also represented and step elements such as Cataglyphis nodus and C. viaticoides exhibit invasion.

Species belongig to genera Formica and Lasius act as intermediate hosts of certain trematode parasites of livestock are also present in the area.

Giriş

Bu çalışmada daha önce özel bir çalışma kapsamına alınmamış Edirne ve yöresinin tabii çayır ve mer'a karıncaları araştırılmıştır.

Bugüne kadar Edirne yöresinden 7 tür ve 5 varyete (Acantholepis fraunfeldi, Formica rufibarbis, Pheidole pallidula, Plagiolipsis pygmaea, Tetramorium caespitum, Cremastogaster scutellaris, Camponotus aethiops, Camponotus