Material examined: India: Meghalaya: West Garo hills, Darangiri, 14 ww, 30.iv.1979, Coll. J.K. Jonathan and party; West Garo hills, Tura, 500, 2.v.1979, Coll. J.K. Jonathan.

Diagnostic characters: worker. TL 10-12mm. Head, thorax, legs and node of pedicel dark red, abdomen black. Head without the mandibles quadrangular; the sides straight; mandibles large, strongly dentate, apical tooth remarkbly long, curved and acute; antennae 12-jointed. Thorax viewed from the side constricted in the middle, saddle-shaped, sutures well-marked. Pedicel one- jointed, node rounded, not much raised; abdomen somewhat short, oval.

Distribution: INDIA: Meghalaya (West Garo Hills), Punjab, West Bengal, Central India. Elsewhere: Parsia.

47. Genus Acantholepis Mayr, 1861.

Acantholepis Mayr, 1861, Eur. Form., P. 42.

Acantholepis, Brown, 1973, In Tropical forest ecosystems in Africa and South America: 161-185.

Diagnostic characters: worker. Clypeus broad and high, sharply carinate down the middle; antennae 11-jointed, scape extending beyond the top of the head; eyes moderate, ocelli distinct; thorax constricted at the mesonotum; thoracic sutures distinct; metanotum obtusely dentate on each side; pedicel single jointed, node dentate or spinous; abdomen broadly oval.

Key to the species of Acantholepis Mayr

Scape of antennae remarkably long, extending more than half its length beyond the top of the 1. head......frauenfeldi Scape of antennae shorter, extending beyond the top of the head by not more than one third of its length.....2 Head, thorax and abdomen abundantly pilose; head highly polished, shining; head and abdomen 2. Head, thorax and abdomen smooth, without hairs except at the apex of the abdomen . . simplex 127. Acantholepis capensis Mayr

Acantholepis capensis Mayr, 1862, Verh-zool. Bot. Ges. Wien, 12:699.

Acantholepis capensis, Majer, 1976, J. appl. Ecol., 13:145-155.

Material examined: 1 ex, India, Meghalaya, East Khasi hills, Shillong, 28.vi.75, Coll. R. Mathew.