

deal junction acutely angulate, overhanging the declivitous face of propodeum; the declivity broadly and shallowly concave, encircled with a rim. Petiole subcylindrical, clearly longer than high, with its dorsal outline almost straight and elevated posteriad; subpetiolar process low, variable in shape (subtriangular to subrectangular). Postpetiole as long as petiole, convex dorsally and slightly elevated posteriorly.

Head and gaster entirely smooth and shiny. Mandible very finely striate. Antennal scape superficially reticulate but shiny. Promesonotum reticulate with smooth and shiny bottoms except for anteriormost portion punctate and small area on dorsum smooth and shiny; upper portion of mesopleuron and upper portion of metapleuron with longitudinal rugae; lower portion of mesopleuron reticulate; propodeum entirely reticulate; in addition lateral face of propodeum with 2-3 longitudinal rugae. Petiole and postpetiole entirely reticulate. Legs entirely smooth and shiny except basal portion of femora superficially microreticulate.

Head and mesosoma dorsally with relatively sparse standing hairs mixed with sparse shorter hairs; longest pronotal hair 0.15–0.18 mm long. Head including antennal scape reddish brown; mandible, mesosoma, petiole, and postpetiole dark reddish brown; gaster and legs yellowish brown but gaster paler than legs.

Etymology. The specific name refers to the range of the species, Sundaland (Sumatra, Borneo and Java).

Distribution. Sumatra, Borneo (Sabah and E. Kalimantan), and Java (Fig. 26B).

Bionomics. The type series of this species was collected from the highland (ca. 1300 m alt., W. Java) in the night in an open site at a forest edge. The non-type colonies from Sumatra and Borneo were collected in both primary and disturbed forests.

Remarks. *Aenictus sundalandensis* is similar to *A. fuchuanensis*, *A. pinkaewi*, and *A. maneerati* in having the long cylindrical petiole and short head (CI 100–112). However, it is easily separated from the latter three by the central area of pronotum being superficially shagreened or reticulate, rather shiny, and the lateral face being reticulate with smooth and shiny bottoms.

Aenictus thailandianus Terayama & Kubota

http://species-id.net/wiki/Aenictus_thailandianus

Fig. 17A–D

Aenictus thailandianus Terayama et Kubota, 1993: 71, figs 11–13.

Type material. Holotype and 39 paratype workers (NAIST, SKYC) from N. Thailand, Chang Mai [Chiang Mai], Doi Step [Doi Suthep-Pui N.P.], ca. 1500 m alt. Six paratype workers (SKYC) were examined.

Non-type material examined. VIETNAM: N. Vietnam, Bac Giang, Tay Yen Tu (150 m alt.), 22.V.2004, leg. K. Eguchi, Eg04-VN-072 (SKYC); M. Vietnam, Nghe An Prov., Que Phong Dist., Ban Xan (1012 m alt.), 19.IV.1999, leg. T.V. Bui (SKYC). **THAILAND:** Chiang Mai Prov., Muang Dist., 9.VI.2001, leg. W. Jaitrong,