metapleural gland bulla. Propodeum in profile extremely lower than pronotum and relatively short with weakly convex dorsal outline; propodeal junction angulate; declivity of propodeum broadly and shallowly concave, encircled with a distinct rim. Petiole slightly longer than high, elevated posteriorly; subpetiolar process low and subrectangular, anteroventral corner acutely angulate, but posteroventral corner bluntly angulate. Postpetiole almost as long as petiole, with its dorsal outline roundly convex.

Head entirely smooth and shiny. Mandible very finely striate. Basal 1/3 of antennal scape microreticulate, apical 2/3 smooth and shiny. Promesonotum smooth and shiny except for anteriormost portion reticulate; upper portion of mesopleuron reticulate; lower portion of mesopleuron and propodeum with several longitudinal rugae; metapleuron reticulate. Petiole entirely reticulate; postpetiole reticulate except for dorsal face smooth and shiny. Legs smooth and shiny except basalmost portion of femora and tibiae micropunctate.

Head and mesosoma dorsally with relatively dense standing hairs mixed with decumbent hairs; longest pronotal hair 0.18-0.20 mm long. Head including mandible and antennal scape, mesosoma, petiole, postpetiole, and first gastral tergite dark reddish brown; tip of gaster and gastral sternites, yellowish brown.

Etymology. The specific name is dedicated to Assoc. Prof. Suparoek Watanasit of Prince of Songkhla University, who has been a leading myrmecologist in Thailand.

Distribution. Vietnam and Thailand.

Bionomics. Judging from the specimens examined this species is distributed from the lowland to highland (300–1100 m alt.).

Remarks. *Aenictus watanasiti* is most similar to *A. khaoyaiensis*, but the mandible has 3 teeth (4 teeth in the latter) and the subpetiolar process is subrectangular (low, with anteroventral corner acutely angulate and ventral outline feebly convex in the latter).

Aenictus wilaiae sp. n.

urn:lsid:zoobank.org:act:5168CD87-A7DF-4218-BC56-7C1F7C45EE82 http://species-id.net/wiki/Aenictus_wilaiae Fig. 19A–C

Type material examined. Holotype. THAILAND: Worker from E. Thailand, Chachoengsao Prov., Thatakiab Dist., 29.V.2005, leg. W. Jaitrong, WJT05-E203 (THN-HM). **Paratypes.** Thirty-three workers, same data as holotype (BMNH, MCZC, SKYC, THNHM).

Non-type material examined. THAILAND: N. Thailand, Uthai Thani Prov., Ban Rai Dist., Kan Ma kud Village, 18.VI.2010, leg. W. Jaitrong, HKK10-06-03 (THNHM); NE. Thailand, Chaiyaphum Prov., Phu Kheao, 10.X.2002, leg. N. Kongjam (AMK, SKYC); same loc., 30.I.1999, leg. W. Jaitrong, WJT99-AG22; NE. Thailand, Nakhon Ratchasima Prov., Khao Yai, 16.VIII.2002, leg. D. Wiwatwitaya (AMK, SKYC, THNHM); NE. Thailand, Nakhon Ratchasima Prov., Sakaerat, 15.IX.2001,