distinct coarse teeth on the anterior border of the gula, and the prominent median conules of the postpetiole.

83.—Myrmecina graminicola subsp. Americana Emery. A. and M. College.

A nest of this species found in the soil in a woodland tract on July 12, 1924, contained a number of alate males, workers and larvae. The ant is apparently a very rare species in this state.

Subfamily FORMICINAE.

84—Lasius niger var. Neoniger Emery. Corinth.

Workers taken at Corinth, in the northern part of the State, agree with the description of this variety. The genus is not well repesented in Mississippi, as the species do not appear to be adapted to this climate. No species of *Lasius* have been taken further south in Mississippi than A. and M. College.

√85.—Brachymyrmex nanellus Wheeler. Columbus and Sibley.

What is apparently this species of ant has been collected in the State on several occasions. A nest was found in the woods near Columbus. Several small chambers about one-fourth inch in diameter were discovered, about three inches below the surface of the soil. In these were found a dealated female, about 40 or 50 workers and some small larvae.

86.—Prenolepis (Nylanderia) parvula Mayr. A. and M. College.

This small species of *Prenolepis* has only been taken once in the State. It does not appear to be as common in this vicinity as the species *P. bruesi* Wheeler. The workers of *parvula* can be readily distinguished from those of *bruesi* by the absence of erect hairs on their antennal scapes. On April 1, 1927, a colony of this species was found in the soil on a hill side slope beneath some leaves and a rotten tree branch. In the nest were found one dealate and four alate females, many workers and some medium-sized larvae.

87.—Camponotus caryae discolor var. cnemidatus Emery. Adaton.