-	Petiole without anteroventral tooth (Pl. 5, Fig. 6); color black to blackish brown praedator (	2)
MA	LES	
1.	Lower border of clypeus concave in the middle (Pl. 9, Fig. 8); posterior corners of petiole strongly projecting; volsella somewhat hookshaped with a posterior projection (Pl. 18, Fig. 15) coecus (Lower border of clypeus almost straight in middle (Pl. 9, Fig. 9); posterior corners of petiole not strongly projecting; volsella somewhat pick-shaped with sharp dorsal and ventral projection (Pl. 18, Fig. 16)	
	NEIVAMYRMEX	
wo	RKERS	
_	Head smooth and glossy with scattered punctations	2
		3
-	Eye without a distinct convex cornea—reduced to yellow speck or absent, and apex of antennal scape does not exceed eye level or middle of head if eye is absent (Pl. 1, Fig. 6; Pl. 2, Figs. 3, 4; Pl.	
	3, Figs. 1, 2)	9
3.	Petiole subquadrate (Pl. 8, Fig. 1, dorsal view) harrisi (	7)
4.	Petiole elongate or somewhat oval (Pl. 8, Figs. 2-7, dorsal view) From a dorsal view, the concave portion of the posterior head margin appears slightly narrower than the greatest width of the alitrunk (Pl. 8, Figs. 2-5); anteroventral tooth of petiole sharp pointed or distinctly angular—although very small on <i>N. melano</i> -	4
	cephalus (Pl. 6, Figs. 2–5)	5
-	From a dorsal view, the concave portion of posterior head margin appears as wide or wider than the greatest width of alitrunk (Pl. 8, Figs. 6-7); anteroventral tooth of petiole bluntly rounded or absent	0
_	(Pl. 6, Figs. 6, 7)	8
5.	Head blackish brown to black	6 7
-	Head yellowish brown to reddish brown	′
0.	prominent with an acute spine directed posteroventral (Pl. 6, Fig. 2) pilosus (	8ነ
_	Head and gaster blackish brown, alitrunk reddish brown; antero-	J)
_	ventral tooth of petiole small and directed ventrad (Pl. 6, Fig. 3)	9)
7.	Anteroventral tooth of petiole large and triangular (Pl. 6, Fig. 4);	- ,