Head rugulose-punctate above, with rugulosities diverging posteriorly and becoming reticulate at the occiput. Thorax and pedicel above vermiculate-reticulate and punctate; gaster granulose. Pilosity of numerous, short, upright clavate hairs.

Ferruginous, the appendages paler than the body.

HOLOTYPE: One worker (no. 2000) taken January 27, 1948, in latitude 1°25′ S., longitude 35°10′ E., Kenya, from the shaded side of a *Macrotermes natalensis* termitarium. The ant was among leaves and humus on the periphery.

This species is noteworthy in possessing clavate instead of squamate hairs, most strikingly on the gaster, and short epinotal spines.

Calyptomyrmex (Calyptomyrmex) punctatus, new species Figures 19, 21, 23

Worker: Length extended, 3.1 mm.; of thorax, 0.85 mm. Head in front view, including closed mandibles, 0.87 mm, long by 0.78 mm. broad, occipital margin truncate, corners broadly rounded, sides converging to the clypeus whose anterodorsal angle is produced as a pair of teeth, clypeus continued backward as a flat, triangular impression; frontal lobes broad and convex in front; mandibles with three apical teeth and five much smaller denticles on the cutting margin: eves 0.056 mm, in diameter and situated 1.16 mm. from the posterior margin of the antennal scrobe; antennae 12-segmented, with the three-segmented club 1.8 times the length of the remainder of the funiculus and slightly shorter than the scape. Thorax in profile with high promesonotum terminated by an angularity at the meso-epinotal impression; epinotum with a rounded angle instead of teeth separating the basal and declivous surface. Petiole in profile pedunculate, the node rising by an even concavity, the anterior and posterior faces not parallel, fully one-third higher than the postpetiole; petiolar node from above transversely elliptical. 0.28 mm. wide; postpetiole from above of comparable form and 0.29 mm. wide, with a prominent tooth ventrolaterally. Gaster ovate-truncate anteriorly. First tarsal segment of hind leg 0.35 mm. long and one and four-tenths times longer than the remaining segments taken together.

Head rugulose-punctate above, thorax and pedicel above vermiculate-punctate; gaster granulose. Pilosity of numerous short, squamate hairs.