Rhoptromyrmex opacus Forel

Rhoptromyrmex opacus Forel, 1909, Ann. Soc. Ent. Belgique, vol. 51, p. 59, worker.

Uganda, 7 miles east of Fort Portal, February 19, 1948, approximately 5000 feet elevation, from leaf humus cover under heavy gallery rain forest.

DECAMORIUM FOREL

Tetramorium subgenus Decamorium FOREL, 1913, Ann. Soc. Ent. Belgique, vol. 57, p. 121, worker.

Closely related to *Tetramorium* and differing chiefly in having 10-segmented antennae, clypeus broad and flat, with lateral margins feebly developed, antennal scrobes distinct, and tibiae and femora strongly incrassate.

Decamorium decem (Forel)

Tetramorium (Decamorium) decem Forel, 1913, Ann. Soc. Ent. Belgique, vol. 57, p. 121, worker.

Described originally from specimens sent to Forel from Rhodesia by Arnold; the latter has since recorded it from a number of Southern Rhodesia localities. According to him there is considerable variation in color within the species. It is a small, shiny species, usually dark ferruginous to brown in color, with a glassy dark brown gaster. The specimens below are darker than some Rhodesian workers and are slightly variable in sculpture and proportions of the pedicel.

Kenya, latitude 1° 38′ S., longitude 35° 17′ E., February 6, 1948. A worker was taken in luxuriant forest of a donga after a heavy but short shower the night before; it was among leaves and humus of the forest floor.

Uganda, Eastern Province, North Lango, about native huts, May, 1938 (J. M. Watson) (Weber coll.). About 40 miles beyond Fort Portal on the way to Katwe, February 22, 1948; several workers suggesting ponerines in their compact habitus and crawling close to the ground of a burned-off grass-woodland.

Belgian Congo, Aba-Juba, Sudan road near frontier, July 19, 1939 (N. A. Weber).

MICRODACETON SANTSCHI

Microdaceton Santschi, 1913, Bull. Soc. Ent. France, p. 478, worker.