

and blade-like. Maxillary palp a slight elevation with 5 sensilla; galea represented by 2 contiguous sensilla. Labial palp represented by a cluster of 5 sensilla. Otherwise similar to *P. guatemalensis*.

YOUNG LARVA. Length (through spiracles) about 1.3 mm. Body profile more slender and lacking ventral boss. Galea represented by 2 contiguous sensilla. Otherwise similar to young *P. guatemalensis*.

Material studied. 5 larvae from Florida—Homestead Air Force Base, Dade Co., 29-XII-1975, coll. G. C. & J. Wheeler.

Paratrechina wojciki Trager

Description. **MATURE LARVA.** Length (through spiracles) about 1.5 mm. Integument of venter of anterior somites with minute spinules. Body hairs (1) 0.013–0.03 mm long, unbranched, smooth, on all somites; (2) 0.019–0.03 mm long, 2-branched (rarely 3-branched), on all somites. Head hairs all unbranched and smooth, 0.024–0.044 mm long. Maxillary palp a tall cone with 2 tall apical sensilla, 1 subapical with a spinule and 2 lateral sensilla with a spinule each; palp a short cone with 2 apical sensilla. Otherwise similar to *P. guatemalensis*.

YOUNG LARVA. Length (through spiracles) about 0.77 mm. Body hairs of 2 types: (1) 0.006–0.036 mm long, unbranched, smooth; (2) 0.012–0.048 mm long, 2-branched, on all somites. Head hairs of 1 type; 0.024–0.036 mm long, unbranched, smooth. Maxillary palp a slender tall cone with 2 tall apical sensilla, 1 subapical with a spinule and 2 lateral with a spinule each; palp shorter, with 2 apical sensilla. Otherwise as in young larva of *P. guatemalensis*.

Material studied. 5 larvae from Florida—Pinelands Trail, Everglades National Park, 30-XII-1975, coll. G. C. & J. Wheeler.

Tribe Camponotini

Genus DENDROMYRMEX Emery

Dendromyrmex chartifex (F. Smith)

Figs. 8–13

Description. **SUBMATURE LARVA.** Length (through spiracles) 3.6–4.3 mm. Profile pogonomyrmecoid; praesaepium present. Anus posteroventral. Spiracles small, decreasing slightly posteriorly. Somites distinct. Integument on venter of anterior somites with spinules in short transverse rows. Body hairs numerous. Of 4 types: (1) 0.05–0.13 mm long, 2- to 4-branched (mostly 2- or 3-branched), evenly distributed; (2) 0.05–0.13 mm long, unbranched, smooth, flexuous, a few on each somite, most numerous on AX; (3) 0.05–0.13 mm long, unbranched, denticulate, a few on each somite; (4) about 0.14 mm long, uncinatate, on dorsum of AI–AVII. Head large; cranium transversely subrectangular. Antennae large; just above midlength of cranium. Head hairs 0.05–0.125 mm long; mostly smooth, a few with a few denticles. Otherwise similar to *D. fabricii* (Wheeler and Wheeler 1953:201).

THIRD INSTAR LARVA. Length (through spiracles) about 2 mm. Thorax stout and curved ventrally, abdomen straight and slightly swollen; posterior end rounded. Anus posteroventral. Spiracles minute. Somites distinct. Spinules on venter of T2–AII, dorsum of AVI–AIX and all surfaces of AX. Body hairs numerous. Of 3 types: