



Figs. 1–5. 1. Mature (?) larva. a, Large head in anterior view, $\times 25$; b, small head in anterior view, $\times 25$; c, left mandible in anterior view, $\times 76$; d, larva in side view (hairs omitted), $\times 3$; e, head in side view, $\times 25$; f, left antenna in anterior view, $\times 100$; g, labrum in anterior view, $\times 100$; h, one unbranched and 2 branched body hairs, $\times 100$. 2. Immature worker larva. a, Head in anterior view, $\times 25$; b, left mandible in anterior view, $\times 76$; c, larva in side view (hairs omitted), $\times 3$; d, 2 body hairs, $\times 100$. 3. Young larva. a, Head in anterior view, $\times 25$; b, larva in side view (hairs omitted), $\times 3$; c, left mandible in anterior view, $\times 76$; d, 2 body hairs, $\times 100$. 4. Very young larva. a, Head in anterior view, $\times 25$; b, left mandible in anterior view, $\times 76$; c, larva in side view (hairs omitted), $\times 3$; d, body hairs, $\times 100$. 5. Sexual (?) larva. a, larva in side view (hairs omitted), $\times 3$.