



Figs. 2-4. Comparison of larvae of *Cyphomyrmex*, *Blepharidatta* and *Wasmannia*. 2. *Cyphomyrmex*. a, Profile; b, body hair; c, left mandible in anterior view. 3. *Blepharidatta*. a, Profile; b, body hair; c, left mandible in anterior view. 4. *Wasmannia*. a, Profile; b, 2 types of body hairs; c, left mandible in anterior view.

blyoponoid, with two acute teeth, one apical and one subapical. Body hairs sparse and moderately long; generally distributed; unbranched, smooth and slightly curved.

In Figures 2-4 we compare the larva of a primitive attine (*Cyphomyrmex*), with that of *Wasmannia*, and with that of *Blepharidatta*.

CONCLUSION

Our overall conclusion is that the tribe Attini comprises the 11 fungus-growing genera. The genus *Proatta* remains in the monotypic tribe Proattini. The tribe Ocheto-myrmecini is dissolved and the genus *Blepharidatta* is transferred to a new monotypic tribe Blepharidattini.

LITERATURE CITED

- Brown, W. L. 1953. Characters and synonymies among genera of ants. II. *Breviora*. Mus. Comp. Zool. 18:1-8.
- Emery, C. 1921-1922. Fam. Formicidae. Subfam. Myrmicinae. Genera Insectorum. 397 pp., 7 pl. P. Wytsman, Tervueren, Belgium.
- Gallardo, A. 1916. Notes systématiques et éthologiques sur les fourmis attines de la République Argentine. *Anal. Mus. Nacion. Hist. Nat. Buenos Ayres* 28:317-344.