

45. *Camponotus* sp. An undescribed species belonging to the *maculatus* group, but represented only by a single worker minor, is recorded by Emery from Antipolo.

46. *Camponotus herculeanus* L. subsp. *japonicus* Mayr. A female specimen from Mindanao is referred to this northern subspecies by Emery.

47. *Camponotus cinerascens* (Fabr.). Mentioned by Ashmead as occurring in the Philippines.

48. *Camponotus corallinus* Roger. This species was described by Roger from Manila and referred to *Colobopsis*. It seems not to have been seen since and Emery leaves its position in the great series of *Camponoti* in doubt.

49. *Camponotus pubescens* Mayr. This species also belongs to the subgenus *Colobopsis* in the broad sense. It is recorded by Emery from Manila.

50. *Camponotus nigricans* Roger. Originally described from a single female, taken in Manila, as a variety of *platypus* Roger. Emery records a worker from Iolo.

51. *Camponotus platypus* Roger. This was described from female specimens taken at Manila. Emery records it also from Mindanao. Workers are unknown.

52. *Camponotus quadrisectus* (F. Smith). The types (female) of this species are also from the Philippines. Emery saw a specimen of the same sex from Mindanao. There are three major workers from Manila (H. Viehmeyer) in the collection of the American Museum.

53. *Polyrhachis thrinax* Roger subsp. *saigonensis* Forel. Recorded by Emery from Manila and Antipolo.

54. *Polyrhachis thrinax* subsp. *javana* Mayr. Recorded by Emery from Quruña, Luzon.

55. *Polyrhachis philippinensis* F. Smith. The types of this species, as the name indicates, were from the Philippines.

56. *Polyrhachis mayri* Roger. Recorded by Ashmead from the Philippines.

57. *Polyrhachis diana* sp. nov.

Worker. Length 5-5.5 mm.

Head longer than broad, about as broad behind as in front and nearly as high through the frontal carinae as long, with rather straight, subparallel sides and broadly rounded posterior border. Eyes large, very prominent. Clypeus somewhat depressed, carinate. Frontal carinae very prominent, closely approximated in front, further apart behind but scarcely diverging. Thorax broader in front than behind, with flattened sides, strongly carinate above on the sides, fully as high through the mesopleurae as long, evenly convex above in profile. Pronotum fully $1\frac{1}{2}$ times as