

nests in hollow twigs, but Dr. Williams on the label to the specimens of *macilentus* var. *hoodensis* mentions their occurrence "under stones".

20. *Camponotus* (*Myrmamblys*) *macilentus jacobensis*,  
new variety.

*Worker major.* Length 7.5—8 mm.

Head about one-quarter longer than broad, subrectangular, a little narrower in front than behind, with nearly straight sides posteriorly and occipital border and the cheeks rather convex though feebly impressed near the insertions of the mandibles. Upper surface of head convex; eyes large, flat, elliptical, their anterior orbits distinctly behind the middle of the head, two small ocellus-like pits on the vertex and a sharply defined frontal groove extending half the distance from the clypeus to the posterior margin. Clypeus suboblong, one-quarter longer than broad, nearly as broad behind as in front, carinate on its posterior half, with a deep pit at the suture on each side in front; its anterior border feebly rounded, not produced, distinctly crenulate. Frontal area minute and indistinct, transverse, rather deeply impressed. Frontal carinae more than half as long as the head behind the clypeus, strongly diverging, more than twice as far apart at their posterior as at their anterior ends. Mandibles rather small, very convex, 5-toothed. Antennae slender, scapes curved, slightly flattened at the base, their tips gradually thickened, surpassing by a distance equal to their greatest diameter the posterior corners of the head. Thorax rather short, narrower than the head, laterally compressed behind, arcuate above in profile with sharply impressed promesonotal and mesoepinotal sutures; pro- and mesonotum slightly flattened above, epinotum high, in profile with subequal base and declivity, the former convex, the latter abrupt, forming a rounded right angle with it, straight above and very feebly concave below. Petiole small, nearly as broad as the posterior end of the epinotum, but only about half as high as the epinotal convexity, its node broadest above, evenly rounded and entire, with moderately acute margin; in profile it is inclined forward somewhat and has a convex anterior and flat posterior surface. Gaster rather long and narrow, with subparallel sides