

Head through the very large and convex eyes as broad as long, rounded behind, with straight, parallel cheeks. Clypeus subrectangular, as broad as long, carinate, with rounded anterior border. Mandibles indistinctly tridentate. Antennae very slender, the scapes reaching about one-half their length beyond the posterior border of the head. Mesonotum nearly circular, as broad as the head through the eyes. Epinotum convex and rounded, without distinct base and declivity. Node very thick, blunt and low, its border transverse and very feebly impressed in the middle. Gaster and legs slender.

Sculpture and pilosity much as in the minor worker.

Brownish yellow, legs scarcely paler; ocellar region dark brown, gastric segments pale brown, except at their anterior and posterior edges. Wings colored as in the female.

Described from 10 major workers, seven minor workers, seven females and a single male taken by Dr. F. X. Williams from a single colony on James Island during August, 1906.

Cotypes, 12 specimens, No. 450, Museum California Academy of Sciences, and 12 specimens in author's collection.

21. *Camponotus (Myrmamblys) macilentus barringtonensis*,
new variety.

Worker minor. Length 4—5.5 mm.

Differing from the var. *jacobensis* in its distinctly paler and more ivory-yellow color, the brown clouds on the vertex and thorax being paler and less sharply defined or more diffuse, so that in some specimens the whole meso- and epinotum is pale brownish. The bands on the gaster are narrower, their mid-dorsal expansion shorter and the color of these markings, though paler than in *jacobensis*, is nevertheless darker than those on the head and thorax. The knees are distinctly brownish.

Female. Length 8—8.5 mm.

Colored very much like the minor worker, but the bands on the gaster are broad and sharply defined and their mid-dorsal expansions are broken into spots.

Twenty-one minor workers and eight females from a single colony taken by Dr. Williams on Barrington Island during October, 1905.