Cotypes, 17 specimens, No. 451, Museum California Academy of Sciences, and 12 specimens in author's collection.

22. Camponotus (Myrmamblys) macilentus duncanensis, new variety.

Worker major. Length 5-5.5 mm.

Distinctly smaller than the two preceding forms. Head proportionally shorter, with less convex cheeks and broader clypeus, the antennal scapes extending nearly one-quarter their length beyond the posterior corners of the head. The punctures on the mandibles, clypeus and head and the foveolæ on the pro- and mesonotum are more feebly developed, so that the head is much more shining. The color is much like that of barringtonensis, pale ivory yellow, but there are no dark markings on the head and thorax and the bands on the gaster are narrow and rather sharply defined, reddish brown, the mid-dorsal marking either absent or present only as a narrow, more or less interrupted line.

Worker minor. Length 4-4.5 mm.

Colored like the worker major, but some specimens have the meso- and epinotum and a cloud on the vertex pale brownish. The bands on the gaster are usually reduced to brown transverse lines and the mid-dorsal markings are frequently absent.

Female (dealated). Length 7 mm.

Colored like the worker major, i. e. without any dark markings on the head and thorax. The gastric bands are well-developed, but there are mid-dorsal markings only on the third and fourth segment, where they appear as small spots. The head is shining, owing to the very feeble development of the punctures.

Malc. Length 4.5—5 mm.

Differing from the male of *jacobensis* in color, the body and legs being rather dark brown, with paler brown thoral and antennæ. The wings are rather opaque.

Described from a single female, six major workers, 17 minor workers and four males taken August 13-14, 1906, by Dr. Williams on Duncan Island.

Cotypes, 14 specimens, No. 452, Museum California Academy of Sciences, and 12 specimens in author's collection.