The six specimens regarded as major workers may possibly be mediæ, but the whole appearance of the series, and especially of the female, suggests a distinct variety characterized by the small stature of all the castes and a very incomplete polymorphism of the worker caste in particular. The coloration of the male is peculiar.

23. Camponotus (Myrmamblys) macilentus albemarlensis, new variety.

Worker major. Length 7-7.5 mm.

Closely resembling the vars. jacobensis and barringtonensis, but the head is slightly broader in front and more nearly rectangular, and the clypeus is distinctly broader in proportion to its length, being only a little longer than broad and much less distinctly carinate behind. The antennal scapes do not reach beyond the posterior corners of the head. On the mandibles, clypeus and head the punctures are much finer than in jacobensis so that the surfaces are more shining. The color is similar to that of barringtonensis and duncanensis, being pale, ivory yellow, the gaster, coxæ and legs a little paler than the head and thorax, which are inimaculate. bands on the gaster are well-developed, darker than in duncanensis, but paler than in jacobensis, and there are distinct though interrupted portions of the mid-dorsal streaks. knees are brownish, the antennæ and tarsi reddish.

Described from two specimens taken by Dr. Williams during May, 1906, on Mt. Cowley, South Albemarle.

Cotypes, 2 specimens, No. 453, Museum California Academy of Sciences.

Camponotus (Myrmamblys) macilentus vulcanalis, new variety.

Worker major. Length 5-6 mm.

Head and clypeus broad as in the preceding variety, but the head with somewhat more convex sides. Antennal scapes extending a distance equal to their greatest width beyond the posterior corners of the head. Clypeal carina obsolete. Thoracic dorsum in profile nearly straight, much less convex than in the other forms. Color brownish yellow, thorax immacu-