The specimen from which Smith drew his description was evidently a worker minor.

C. planus belongs to a group of small Camponoti which Forel has recently segregated as the subgenus Myrmorhachis. It comprises several neotropical forms rather closely related to planus, notably quadrilaterus Mayr, rectangularis Emery, bidens Mayr, mucronatus Emery. So far as known the American species all nest in hollow twigs or in dead wood.

30. Camponotus (Myrmorhachis) planus peregrinus Emery.

Camponotus peregrinus Emery, Ann. Soc. Ent. France, 63, 1893, p. 91 \u2212.

Camponotus (Myrmorhachis) peregrinus Forel, Rev. Suisse Zool. 22, 1914, p. 274 §.

As I have seen no specimens of planus from Chatham Island, I regard the form described by Emery as possibly of varietal rank, although it is by no means certain that his specimen, which was taken by Dr. George Baur on the vessel, came originally from the island. I translate Emery's description in its entirety, although it contains very little that does not agree with specimens of the typical planus.

"Worker minor. Black, opaque, with the mouth, antennæ and legs, excepting the coxæ, ferruginous; pilose, with the head and thorax very sparsely pubescent, the gaster with dense griseoæneous, shining, silky pubescence. Head subrectangular, clypeus in front broadly rounded, obtusely carinate, mandibles short, 4-toothed, eyes at the posterior part of the head. Thorax with distinct sutures, dorsally depressed, sides obtusely marginate, epinotum behind abruptly truncate and obsoletely bituberculate, its declivity concave, somewhat shining. Petiole truncate behind. Head and thorax very densely, petiole more sparsely punctate; gastric segments transversely rugulose-punctate; mandibles, scapes and legs delicately punctate; legs without erect hairs. Length 4.3 mm.

"This species belongs to an exclusively American group, and among the species known to me in nature, it approaches most closely *C. quadrilaterus* Mayr, from which, however, it differs considerably. The head is a little longer than broad if it be regarded as truncated in front at a level with the