Cotypes, 5 specimens, No. 455, Museum California Academy of Sciences, and 6 specimens in author's collection.

This variety is readily distinguished from all the other forms of *planus* by the erect, stubby hairs on the cheeks, the more abundant pilosity of the head and thorax and the longer pubescence on the legs of the worker and female.

## 7ξ Camponotus (Myrmorhachis) planus indefessus, new variety.

Worker major. Length 5-6 mm.

Body shorter and stouter than in the typical planus and var. isabelensis, the head larger and broader. Sculpture, pile and pubescence as in isabelensis, but the cheeks without erect hairs. The ferruginous red color extends back further on the head, covering the clypeus, cheeks and front and is suffused with the black on the sides and posterior corners. The antennæ and legs, excluding the coxæ, are somewhat more yellowish. The ridge between the base and declivity of the epinotum is scarcely impressed in the middle.

Worker minor. Length 4-4.5 mm.

Very similar to the worker major, even in the color of the head. Epinotum very feebly bidentate.

Described from six major and three minor workers taken from a single colony by Dr. Williams, Oct. 25-28, 1905, on Indefatigable Island.

Cotypes, 3 specimens, No. 456, Museum California Academy of Sciences, and 6 specimens in author's collection.

## 33. Camponotus (Myrmorhachis) planus santacruzensis, new variety.

Worker major. Length 5.5-6 mm.

Like the typical planus in stature, in the size of the head, sculpture, pilosity and color, but the hairs are even sparser on the dorsal surface of the head and thorax and the pubescence on the scapes, legs and gaster is distinctly shorter and finer, so that the gaster has a less silky lustre. The base of the epinotum is straight and horizontal in profile, not concave,