

- Thorax opaque throughout, finely punctate-reticulate and coarsely punctate; striæ on head diverging behind. ♀ (Paraguay). var. *divergens* FOREL.
- (3). Small species, but little more than 2.7—3 mm. long. Head distinctly longer than broad; clypeus smooth, at least in the middle. Petiole unarmed beneath, its node distinctly transverse 4.
Larger; 3.5—5 mm. long. Head scarcely longer than broad; clypeus striated in the middle. Petiole armed beneath with a large spine; the node transverse, at least as long as broad. 5.
- (4). Pale ferruginous; head not distinctly striated; antennal scapes not reaching to the posterior border of the head. Length 2.7 mm. (Bolivia, Argentina). *pusillus* EMERY.
Somewhat darker; head distinctly striated above; antennal scapes reaching the posterior border of the head. Length 3.2 mm. (Blumenau, Brazil). subsp. *major* SANTSCHI.
- (5). Anterior border of petiolar node rounded, upper surface of the peduncle strongly concave. Length 3.5—4 mm.; ♀ 5.2 mm.; ♂ 2.3 mm. (Brazil, Guianas). *rogenhoferi* MAYR.
Anterior border of petiolar node straight and transverse; upper surface of peduncle much less concave. 6.
- (6). At least 4.5—5 mm. long. Mesonotum transversely striated (Mexico, Guatemala, Honduras, Costa Rica). *robustus* EMERY.
Smaller, about 3.5 mm. Mesonotum densely and uniformly punctate; pubescence longer and more abundant (Peru and Bolivia). subsp. *manco* subsp. nov.
17. *Ectatomma tuberculatum* OLIVIER ♀. Brazil (GYLLENKROK); Remedios, Colombia (NISSER); Tuiche, Bolivia (N. HOLMGREN).
18. *Ectatomma quadridens* FABR. ♀ Mojos, Tuiche and San Luis, Bolivia (C. HOLMGREN); Fontebôa, Brazil.
19. *Ectatomma (Holcoponera) striatulum* MAYR. ♀♂ Tuiche, Bolivia (N. HOLMGREN).
20. *Ectatomma (Gnamptogenys) annulatum* MAYR. ♀ Peru (N. HOLMGREN).
21. *Ectatomma (Gnamptogenys) continuum* MAYR. ♀ San Firmin, Bolivia (N. HOLMGREN).

A single specimen, which measures only 2 mm. and is therefore smaller than those described by MAYR. (2.7—2.8 mm.) or those in my collection (2.5 mm.). It may represent a distinct subspecies but the material is insufficient to justify a new name.