56. Pseudomyrma decipiens Forel var.

A dëalated female from São Leopoldo (J. W. Stahl) and two small workers from Mojos, Bolivia and Llinquipata, Peru (N. Holmgren) probably represent a distinct, small southern variety of this ant. I have similar undescribed varieties from Brazil and British Guiana.

Subfamily Myrmicinæ.

- 57. Pogonomyrmex bruchi Forel subsp. micans Forel. \(\bar{Q}\). São Leopoldo, Brazil (J. W. Stahl).
- 58. Pogonomyrmex coarctatus Mayr. \(\forall \). Buenos Aires, Argentina (Kinberg).
- 59. Pogonomyrmex rastratus Mayr. \$\xeta\$. Patagonia (O. Nordenskjöld).
- 60. Pogonomyrmex (Ephobomyrmex) nægelii Forel. ♀. Charubamba, Bolivia (N. Holmgren).

 Collects pieces of vegetables and carries these to its nest.
 June 2nd.
- 61. Pheidole pubiventris MAYR. 4 Brazil (F. STAHL).
- 62. Pheidole quiaccana sp. nov.

Soldier. Length about 3.5 mm.

Resembling Ph. pubiventris MAYR and especially its subsp. nevadensis Forel of Colombia, but with distinctly larger head. This is as broad as long, narrower in front than behind, with rather straight sides and posterior border, the latter narrowly and deeply excised in the middle, the excision continued into the occipital groove. Gular teeth pronounced. Eyes small but rather convex, at the anterior ²/₅ of the head. Clypeus concave in front, ecarinate; its anterior border deeply and acutely notched in the middle. Frontal area semicircular, deeply impressed, without median carinula. Frontal carinæ very short, not reaching to the middle of the head; scrobes or impressions for the antennal scapes absent, the latter rather strongly curved and distinctly flattened but not dilated at the base, their tips reaching fully 2/3 the distance between the eyes and the posterior corners of the head. Club distinctly shorter than the remainder of the funiculus; joints 2-8 distinctly longer than broad. Thorax shaped much as pubiventris but the mesonotal torus is much less pronounced, the epinotal spines are much shorter, though acute, and the base of the epinotum on each side in front of the spine has a blunt projection or tubercle, best seen when the thorax is viewed obliquely. Petiole much like that of pubiventris, the postpetiole