

94. *Solenopsis sævissima* var. *interrupta* SANTSCHI. ♀. Moreno, Argentina (O. NORDENSKJÖLD); Mendoza, Argentina (JENSEN-HAARUP).
95. *Solenopsis gayi* Spinola. ♀. Valparaiso, Chile (KINBERG).
96. *Solenopsis tenuis* MAYR. ♀. Brazil (H. MOSÉN).
97. *Solenopsis picea* EMERY subsp. *subadpressa* FOREL. ♀. Mojos, Bolivia (N. HOLMGREN).
98. *Solenopsis novem-maculata* sp. nov.

Worker. Length 1.2 mm.

Head suboblong, about $\frac{1}{6}$ longer than broad, as broad in front as behind, with straight sides and feebly concave posterior border. Eyes very small, consisting of about 7 or 8 minute ommatidia, situated nearly $\frac{1}{5}$ the distance from the clypeus to the posterior corners. Frontal groove distinct as far back as the middle of the head. Clypeus short, abrupt, with two distinct carinæ but without teeth on the anterior border, which is straight in the middle and feebly sinuate on each side. Mandibles narrow, their apical borders oblique, 4-toothed, the terminal tooth very large. Antennæ slender, the scapes reaching nearly $\frac{2}{3}$ the distance between the eyes and posterior corners of the head. Club as long as the remainder of the funiculus, swollen, the basal only about $\frac{1}{3}$ as long as the apical joint; joints 2—7 small and narrow, but broader than long. Thorax elongate, pro- and mesonotum low and rounded above, mesoëpinotal constriction short and acute, not very deep; epinotum small, distinctly longer than broad, rounded, without distinct base and declivity. Petiole not longer than high, its peduncle short, strongly marked off from the node, the ventral surface convex. Postpetiole scarcely broader than the petiolar node, transversely elliptical, convex above. Gaster elongate-elliptical, larger than the head, its anterior border straight and transverse. Legs slender.

Smooth and shining, with very sparse and indistinct piligerous punctures.

Hairs whitish, delicate, sparse and short on the body, more abundant, shorter and more reclinate on the appendages.

Pale yellow, head slightly darker; a brown spot on each of its posterior corners, on each of the posterior corners of the first, second and third gastric segment and a median unpaired brown spot on the fourth segment.

Described from three specimens taken by Prof. NILS HOLMGREN at Mojos, Bolivia. This species, which seems to be rather closely related to *S. sulfurea* ROGER, is easily recognized by its unarmed clypeus and peculiar maculation.