

rounded, unarmed posterior and occipital corners and straight sides. Eyes well in front of the middle of the head, moderately convex, as long as their distance from the clypeus. Mandibles rather narrow, with sinuate external and about 9-toothed apical borders. Clypeus moderately convex in the middle, its anterior border flattened and feebly notched. Frontal lobes moderately large, subtriangular; frontal carinæ diverging behind and subsiding near the posterior corners. Preocular carinæ straight, continued back a little beyond the eyes but not crossing the scrobes, which are rather poorly developed. Antennal scapes extending slightly beyond the posterior corners of the head; the 2-jointed club as long as the remainder of the funiculus *minus* the first joint; joints 2—5 slightly longer than broad, 6—8 as broad as long. Thorax with all the spines reduced to tubercles or teeth, the lateral spines of the pronotum represented by short bituberculate projections, the median teeth by a pair of feeble elevations. The inferior teeth are distinct and rather acute. Mesonotum and base of epinotum with small acute tubercles on the sides above, the spines of the epinotum reduced to a pair of small, acute teeth, not longer than broad at their bases. Petiole small and very short, nearly twice as broad as long, with a few very minute, scattered tubercles. Postpetiole very large, twice as broad as the petiole and two-thirds as broad as the gaster, as long as broad, broadest in the middle where the sides are subparallel, rather convex above in front, impressed behind, the posterior border straight and entire, the surface with small, sparse tubercles. Gaster elliptical, with subparallel sides, about  $1\frac{1}{5}$  times as long as broad, without lateral marginations or longitudinal impressions on the dorsal surface, covered rather uniformly both dorsally and ventrally with large acute tubercles. Legs rather stout, especially the fore femora and tibiæ, their surfaces indistinctly and finely tuberculate.

Opaque; mandibles very finely longitudinally striate; surface of body and appendages very finely punctate-rugulose; frontal lobes and space between frontal carinæ more rugulose-tuberculate, as are also the posterior corners of the head. The antennal scrobes are distinctly rugulose.

Hairs pale, very short, inconspicuous, hooked, arising from the tubercles, longest on the gaster.

Deep ferruginous brown; gaster and upper surface of head darker; tarsi, mandibles and antennal clubs paler and more reddish; legs slightly paler than the thorax.

A single specimen taken by myself at Kartabo, British Guiana in a sandy area behind the Tropical Laboratory.

This species is distinctly smaller and darker than *T. hu-*