

highest behind where it is concavely truncated; the dorsal surface convex, rising evenly to the posterior truncation, the ventral surface convex in the middle, at the anterior end with an acute tooth which is directed forward. Postpetiole strongly constricted off from the first gastric segment, one and one-fourth times as long as broad, narrowed anteriorly, evenly convex dorsally and laterally, its anteroventral protuberance rather sharply angular in profile. First gastric segment as long as the postpetiole, longer than broad. Sting very long and slender. Legs long.

Nearly opaque throughout, legs scarcely more shining; very densely, finely and evenly punctate, the head and thorax somewhat more distinctly.

Hairless; pubescence white, extremely fine, forming a delicate bloom, most distinct on the thorax and abdomen.

Clear ferruginous red, the head in some specimens a little paler than the thorax; anterior portion of head, clypeus, mandibles, antennæ, legs and gaster beyond the first segment reddish yellow.

Described from four specimens taken Dec. 18, 1922 by Dr. Karl Dammerman at Buitenzorg, Java.

This species is smaller than *P. filiformis*, which measures 3 mm.; its antennal funiculi are decidedly thicker, with broader joints, the epinotum is distinctly dentate and the ventral portion of the petiole has no lamella and its anterior tooth is directed forward instead of backward. The female *P. boliviensis* Mann resembles the Javan species in its smaller size (the female measures only 2.8 mm.), in the shape of the antennal funiculi and the ventral portion of the petiole, but the dorsal portion of the latter is higher and has a very different outline in profile, the postpetiole is shorter than the first gastric segment and the color is more brownish red. This last character, however, may be peculiar to the female.