

minii, but the precise position of this group among the known tribes of the subfamily cannot be determined till the worker and male have been secured and the gizzard examined. The general habitus of the insect somewhat resembles that of *Pseudolasius* and suggests that it might be placed, for the present, near the tribe Lasiini.

MYRMAPATETES, new genus = *Anælictus*

MALE.—Head rather large and broad, with very large eyes, which take up nearly the whole of its sides; ocelli large and prominent; cheeks extremely short; face narrowed upward; clypeus extending backward in a blunt point between the antennal insertions, which are close together. Frontal carinæ undeveloped. Palpi very slender and delicate; the maxillary pair apparently 6-jointed, the labial pair 4-jointed. Mandibles very small, vestigial, drawn out at the tip into a long slender point. Antennæ 13-jointed, very slender and filiform; scape much shorter than the second funicular joint; first funicular joint small, not swollen. Thorax decidedly narrower than the head; pronotum well-developed, not overarched by the mesonotum, the latter with deep Mayrian furrows. Petiole with large erect node. Gaster short, with rather voluminous, exerted genitalia; last tergite somewhat beak-shaped, pointed. Cerci present. Legs slender; all the tibiæ with well-developed spurs. Claws simple. Wings with two cubital cells, a rather small discoidal and a closed submarginal cell.

GENOTYPE.—*Myrmapatetes filicornis*, new species.

Myrmapatetes filicornis, new species

Figure 3

MALE.—Length, 4.8 mm.; fore wing, 4.3 mm.

Head transversely elliptical, nearly one and one-third times as broad as long, with concave occipital surface and resembling the head of a dipteran. Antennæ inserted a little below the middle of the face. Clypeus as long as broad, subtriangular, moderately convex in the middle, with nearly straight anterior border. Frontal groove distinct anteriorly, posteriorly continued back as a rather deep impression to the anterior ocellus. Antennal scapes about two and one-half times as long as broad, cylindrical, broader than the funiculi; first joint of the latter a little longer than broad; joints 2-9 slender and elongate, gradually diminishing in length distally; joints 10 and 11 subequal, together as long as the preceding and terminal joint. Thorax about twice as long as broad, broadest through the mesonotum; pronotum transversely swollen; mesonotum and scutellum convex; epinotum evenly rounded and sloping, without distinct base and declivity. Petiole higher than long, the node thick, higher than broad, broader above than below, cuneate in profile, with subequal, flat anterior and posterior surfaces and blunt apex. Gaster elliptical, the first segment high and subtruncate anteriorly; external genital valves subquadrate, with broad excised apical border.

Head subopaque, very finely punctate-reticulate; thorax, petiole and gaster more shining, superficially and very finely punctate. Mayrian furrows on the mesonotum transversely rugose.