species, related to the Mediterranean auberti Emery and quite different from brunnea and its subspecies. The worker is characterized by the peculiar petiole, which is small, only slightly broader than long, rounded anteriorly, with nearly straight, parallel sides, by the postpetiole which has strongly separated tubercles, by the subcarinate mesonotum and longer, more slender and more distinctly three-jointed antennal clubs. I have not seen specimens of this species from China. All of my material from that country belongs to subspecies of brunnea. I therefore prefer Emery's interpretation to Santschi's, but would include under Smith's species also the Japanese matsumurai Forel as a subspecies, of which I regard zoceënsis Santschi as a Chinese variety. In my opinion ruginota Forel should also be regarded as a subspecies distinct from politula Forel, and formosæ Wheeler of Formosa, vagula Wheeler of Japan and tagala Forel of the Philippines may be assigned to it as varieties. These forms are all closely related to the subspecies subnuda Mayr. Obviously, till some local myrmecologist in China can make a careful study of this whole perplexing group of Crematogasters, all our arrangements of the various subspecies and varieties must be tentative. I believe, however, that some of Santschi's allocations are erroneous, e.g., in addition to brunnea and rabula, previously discussed, he places in his species with long petiole also sundaica. Many specimens of this form recently received from Java show that it is closely related to subnuda of which it was described as a variety by Forel, and has a similar broadly trapezoidal petiole.

Crematogaster (Acroccelia) brunnea subsp. contemta var. contemtior, new variety

WORKER.—Length, 2.3-2.6 mm.

Smaller than the typical contemta, with shorter epinotal spines, which are reduced to stout, slightly incurved teeth. Petiole much shorter. Pronotum more heavily sculptured, finely longitudinally punctate-striate; mesonotum nearly smooth, shining. Pilosity, both on body and legs, much more abundant than in contemta. Brownish red, head darker red; apical half of gaster black; mandibles, antennæ and legs brownish yellow.

Nine specimens from Soochow (N. Gist Gee).

Crematogaster (Acrocælia) brunnea subsp. matsumurai Forel var. zoceënsis Santschi.—Numerous workers from Tsingtau, Shantung (R. H. Lefevre).

This is evidently a Chinese variety of *matsumurai*, with decidedly longer epinotal spines, broader petiole and more distinctly divided postpetiolar tubercles.