as the remainder of the funiculus, first funicular joint enlarged, nearly twice as long as broad, joints 2-8 short and transverse. Thorax stout, evenly convex above, without promesonotal and mesoëpinotal sutures. Epinotum armed with a pair of long spines, which are placed rather low. Petiole and post-petiole very large, nodiform, the former narrowed and subpedunculate anteriorly. Gaster broadly elliptical, formed very largely by the first segment. Sting small. Coxae small, legs stout, middle and hind tibiae spurless; tarsal claws simple.

Genotype: Romblonella grandinodis sp. nov.

This genus is to be assigned to Emery's tribe Meranoplini. Its relationships to the known genera are indicated in the following table for the identification of the workers.

Genera of Meranoplini

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Mesonotum large, dominating the epinotum, furnished at its posterior border with teeth or other appendages
2. Promesonotum strongly marginate; antennae 9-jointed
3. Frontal carinae not forming the mesial borders of scrobes for the antennae
Frontal carinae prolonged posteriorly to form the mesial borders of pronounced scrobes
4. Antennae 11-jointed; petiole unusually large, nodiform
5. Minute species, less than 2 mm. long; antennae 10-jointed
6. Mesoëpinotal suture obsolete; epinotum armed with long spines; petiole and postpetiole unusually voluminous
Mesoëpinotal suture distinct; epinotum unarmed or dentate; petiole and postpetiole not enlarged