Indian Ants of the Indian Museum, Calcutta. No. 2.—By Professor August Forel, Zurich. Communicated by the Natural History Secretary.

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I. Subfamily Camponotidæ.

Genus Camponotus.

1. C. SYLVATICUS, Oliv., subsp. C. cognatus, Sm., var. e. Also found in Sibsagar (Assam) and in Sind.

2. C. MICANS, Nyl., \$\forall \text{ and \$\varphi\$. Variety of colour: the body, the legs, and the antennæ are partially or totally reddish brown or pale ferruginous. Sibsagar.

3. C. GIGAS, Latr. (Hist. nat. Fourmis), §. Johore, Malay Penin-

sula.

4. C. SEXGUTTATUS, Fab. (Ent. Syst. II. 354.)

Subsp. C. exiguoguttatus, n. st. This subspecies resembles also C. cingulatus, Mayr, but cingulatus has long, quite erect hairs on the tibiæ and scapi.

§. Length 5. 3—8. 3 millims. Narrow, like the *C. sexguttatus*, i. sp., and *C. cingulatus*. Clypeus slightly carinate, very slightly and shortly lobate anteriorly, hardly emarginate in the middle of its anterior