have found no stridulating organs and suspect the insect merely scrapes dry leaves with end of abdomen.—Wood-Mason).

An aberrant specimen having the scale lower and more sqamiform, the scale-horns removed from one another and lowered towards the abdomen, the body more pilose, the thorax and the abdomen dark reddishbrown,—also comes from Sibsagar.

The Polyrhachis furcata belongs to the group "armata" of Mayr.

- 11. G. STRIATA, Mayr (Verh. k. k. zool.-bot. Ges. Wien 1862), \$\frac{3}{2}\$ and \$\frac{9}{2}\$. The hairs on the body are yellowish brown and not black as Mayr has stated. The \$\frac{9}{2}\$ is only 11 millims. in length, differing from the \$\frac{3}{2}\$ in having the abdomen very opaque, very closely punctured between the wrinkles; then the spines of the pronotum and the superior spines of the scale are shorter. The wings are wanting. Tavoy and Sibsagar.
 - 12. P. MAYREI, Roger (Verzeichniss etc., Berl. ent. Zeitschr (1863).

Subsp. P. intermedia, n. st., \(\forall \). Differs from the P. Mayrei, i. sp., in having only scattered erect hairs (the tibiæ and scapi have only a few very scattered erect hairs), the laminæ frontales more approximated, the abdomen brownish, with much less abundant gray (not golden) pubescence. The sculpture of the abdomen can easily be seen through the pubescence. Sibsagar.

This subspecies is allied to *P. proxima*, Roger (Berl. ent. Zeitschr. 1863), by its erect hairs and by its approximated laminæ frontales. But it differs from that species in the broadness and the stout form of its thorax (stouter than in *P. mayrei*, i. sp.), by its stout metanotal teeth, by the very distant superior spines of its broad scale, between which is a little tooth.

- The *P. intermedia* induces me, however, to believe that the *P. proxima*, Roger, is also only a subspecies of *P. mayeri*. A specimen of *P. intermedia* has the abdomen black.
- 13. P. RELUCENS, Latr. (Hist. nat. Fourm.)? DECIPIENS, Roger(Berl. ent. Zeitschr 1863)? ?. This ? cannot be more accurately determined without the ?. Pegu.
- 14. P. LEVISIMA, Smith, var. DICHROUS n., §. Differs from the typical form only in having the abdomen and the legs yellowish fulvaceous, with the antennæ and the anterior part of the head reddish brown. The rest of the body is black. Sibsagar.
- N. B. The species *Polyrhachis affinis*, Le Guillou, according to Mayr (Formicidæ Borneenses, Ann. Mus. civ. Genova, 1872), is synonymous with P. bihamata, Drury. The name *Polyrhachis affinis* must therefore be restored to the *Polyrhachis vicina*, Roger (vicina, Roger, Verzeichniss, 1863, = affinis, Smith, Cat. Brit. Mus. 1858). Thus the last species