PONERINÆ

Platythyrea punctata (F. Smith)

SMITH, 1858, Cat. Hymen. Brit. Mus., part 6, Formicidæ, p. 108, \$, \$\sigma\$.

Bahamas:—Andros (Fresh Creek); Eleuthera.

Cuba:-Baracoa.

The specimens from Baracoa were found nesting in a hollow twig. This species is nocturnal and, in the Bahamas at Fresh Creek on Andros Island, I saw workers foraging at night and taking small insects that had been attracted by the light I was using.

Euponera (Trachymesopus) stigma (Fabricius)

Fabricius, 1804, Syst. Piez., p. 400, \$.

Bahamas:—Andros (Mangrove Cay).

Cuba:—Baracoa: Pinares: Mina Carlota: Felton.

I fail to find in a large series any specimens that can be identified as Roger's succedanea.

Ponera opaciceps Mayr

MAYR, 1887, Verh. zool.-bot. Ges. Wien, XXXVII, p. 536, \(\beta \), \(\varphi \).

Cuba:—Guantanamo; Piedra Gorda; Pinares; Santiago de Cuba; San Blas; Mina Carlota.

Leptogenys (Leptogenys) puncticeps Emery

EMERY, 1890, Ann. Soc. ent. France, (6) X, p. 62, note, \(\begin{align*} \begin{align*} \text{S} \\ \text{.} \end{align*}

Cuba:-Baracoa.

Several workers taken from a small colony beneath a stone are referable to the typical form of this species, which is known also from Costa Rica, Grenada, and Hayti.

Odontomachus hæmatoda (Linné) notata, new variety

The body is black as in the typical form, but the dorsal surface of the epinotum, the petiole, and the femora are rich brownish red in color; the apices of the femora, the tibia, tarsi, and the scapes are fuscous.

I propose this name for a color variety of hamotoda from Monte Mandios, Porto Rico (Wheeler Coll.).

Odontomachus hæmatoda (Linné) subspecies insularis Guérin variety ruginodis Wheeler

WHEELER, 1905, Bull. Amer. Mus. Nat. Hist., XXI, p. 82, \$, \$\circ\$.

Cuba:—Santiago de Cuba.