

Pheidole flavens Roger

ROGER, 1863, Berliner, ent. Zeitschr., VII, p. 198, ♂, ♀.

Bahamas:—New Providence; Eleuthera.

Cuba:—Herradura; Limones.

Pheidole flavens Roger subspecies **asperithorax** Emery variety **semipolita**
Emery

EMERY, 1896, Bull. Soc. ent. Ital., XXVIII, p. 78, ♂, ♀.

Cuba:—Baracoa.

Several soldiers from a single colony agree perfectly with Emery's description of this variety from Para, Brazil.

Pheidole flavens Roger **asperithorax** Emery, variety ?

Bahamas:—Andros.

A single colony of a variety close to, if not identical with, this subspecies.

Pheidole punctatissima Mayr subspecies **annectens** Wheeler

WHEELER, 1905, Bull. Amer. Mus. Nat. Hist., XXI, p. 93, ♂, ♀, ♀.

Bahamas:—New Providence (Nassau).

Pheidole punctatissima Mayr variety

Cuba:—Mina Carlota; Pinares.

Solenopsis geminata Fabricius

Atta geminata FABRICIUS, 1804, Syst., Piez., p. 423, No. 6, ♀.

Distributed everywhere throughout Cuba and the Bahamas, where it is a decided pest, both on account of its sting and because it attacks the tender buds of plants, especially of citrus fruits, to which it does much harm. It is one of the species that are very fond of attending scale insects and, by protecting these, must cause, indirectly, considerable damage. Sometimes it lives in houses. At Guantanamo I got rid of a horde that was in my room at the hotel by leaving about honey mixed with a little Fowler's solution. The workers and soldiers ate it greedily as soon as they found it and during the week following no more were seen in the room.

Solenopsis leviceps Mayr

MAYR, 1870, Sitz. Akad. Wiss. Wien, LXI, p. 406, ♀.

Bahamas:—New Providence (Nassau).

Several workers from a small colony that was nesting with *Wasmania auropunctata* agree closely with Mayr's description of workers from Columbia.