

apex, about as long as the joints 9 and 10 together. Eyes large, with distinct facets, situated at front of sides of head, half as long as their distance to occipital border. Pronotum not as broad as head including eyes, more than twice as long as broad and only a little broader behind than in front; anterior border convex at middle, produced at corners into obtuse angles, sides in front of middle nearly straight and parallel, then very broadly subgibbous and, posterior to this, feebly concave to the broadly rounded posterior corners, posterior border convex; median surface in front of middle shallowly and broadly impressed; sides posterior to middle with large and profound pits. Elytra together one and one-third times as broad as pronotum, together longer than broad; sides in front of middle nearly straight and parallel, then convergent, posterior corners and margins broadly rounded.

*Type locality*.—San Diego Cocula, Jalisco, Mexico.

*Host*.—*Eciton (Acamatus) cocula* Mann (MSS.)

The single specimen before me was found among a small cluster of this ant, beneath a stone.

The genus is evidently a "file-guest" and distinct from all related forms in the structure of the head, which is very broad in front, and, due to the marked incision at middle of posterior border, bilobed behind, with a profound frontal fossa.

The abdomen is swollen behind, somewhat as in *Mimeciton* and *Mimomilla*, but both of these lack the distinct pedicel in front, and the structure of the head and thorax is entirely different.