



Figs. 1-4. *Tetramorium barryi*, sp. nov. : 1, Head of worker; 2, Alitrunk of the same; 3, Head of female; 4, Alitrunk of female.

*Female* : TL 3.0-3.1; HL 0.66, HW 0.61, CI 92, SL 0.41, SI 67, PW 0.54, AL 0.90.

Agrees with the worker in all the morphological details but for its larger size and the modified alitrunk.

*Paratype Workers* : TL 2.32—2.61; HL 0.61—0.64, HW 0.55—0.58, CI 84—88, SL 0.42—0.43, SI 74-79, PW 0.42—0.43, AL 0.67—0.71.

Similar to holotype but some specimens are darker brown to brownish-black.

*Holotype worker* : INDIA : MEGHALAYA : Khasi Hills, Shillong, 15.iv.1977, Coll. R. Mathew. *Paratypes* : 10 workers and 2 females, collection data same as that of the holotype ; 8 workers, Shillong, 25.vi.1975, Coll. R. Mathew; 3 workers, Shillong, 27.v.1976, Coll. R. Mathew; 9 workers, Shillong, 6.v.1976, Coll. R. Mathew; 10 workers, Shillong, 17.vi.1975, Coll. R. Mathew.

*Tetramorium barryi* is closely related to *T. christiei* Forel but can be distinguished by the smaller size, lighter coloration and almost same size of the propodeal spines and metapleural teeth. It is found to feed on insects, especially Collembola, Diplura, Diptera, Hemiptera and other Hymenoptera. Mites also form part of their food. They can be baited with bakery products, meat, etc.