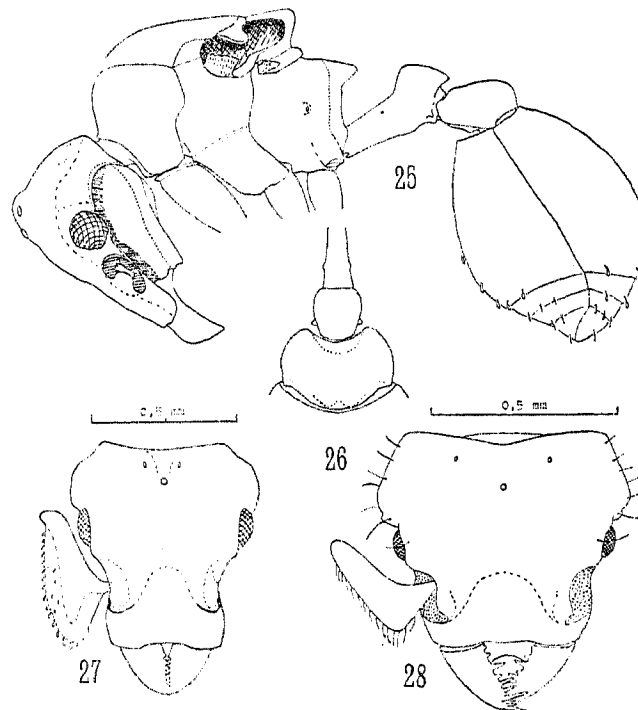


ing a new species of *Eurhopalothrix* Brown & Kempf, the other a new species of *Rhopalothrix* Mayr. The former specimen is particularly interesting inasmuch as it shows several striking features, which are quite different from those of the previously known species in that genus.



*Eurhopalothrix spectabilis* n. sp. female. Fig. 25. Body in profile. — Fig. 26. Pedicel in dorsal view. — Fig. 27. Head. — *Rhopalothrix acutipilis* n. sp. female. Fig. 28. Head. — Fig. 28 drawn to a larger scale (Kempf del.)

### *Eurhopalothrix spectabilis* n. sp.

(Figs. 25-27)

**Female** (holotype). — Total length 3.0 mm; head length 0.73 mm; head width 0.67 mm; scape length 0.48 mm; thorax length 0.85 mm; cephalic index 91. Medium ferruginous; pedicel and gaster darker: a blackish spot on ocellar area. Form of head and body as shown in the figures 25, 26 and 27.

Mandibles very sparsely and finely punctate, almost smooth and quite shining; basal tooth represented by a broadly truncate lamella, followed apicad by approximately 9 small triangular