

*Rogeria lacertosa* sp. n.

(Figs. 5-6)

*Worker (holotype)* — Total length 3,9 mm; head length 0,81 mm; head width 0,77 mm; maximum distance between outer edges of frontal carinae 0,29 mm; eye length 0,10 mm; scape length 0,61 mm; thorax length 1,01 mm; pronotum width 0,56 mm; petiole length 0,51 mm; petiole width 0,24 mm; postpetiole length 0,27 mm; postpetiole width 0,29 mm. Ferruginous; gaster dark brown.

Head as shown in Fig. 5. Mandibles smooth and shining with the usual 6 teeth on chewing border. Median lobe of clypeus truncate in front, laterally carinulate. Frontal area impressed. Frontal carinae broadly expanded, distance between their outer edges exceeding  $1/3$  of maximum head width. Scape finely and rather vestigially punctate, quite shining. Funicular segments IX and X not distinctly longer than broad. Compound eyes with about 20 facets. Front and cheeks with widely spaced, strong, posteriorly slightly diverging, longitudinal rugae; sculpture becoming coarsely reticulate-rugose on vertex, occiput and sides of head; on top of the vertex, the transverse, arched rugae predominate as is usual for the species of the genus. Interrugal spaces finely and rather superficially reticulate-punctate, not quite shining.

Thorax as shown in Fig. 6. Scapular angle indistinct. Promesonotal disc longitudinally vermiculate-rugose, with occasional cross-connections among rugae. Mesoepinotal groove scarcely impressed. Basal face of epinotum somewhat longer than broad, with 7 transverse carinules, the first more prominent, the 2nd to 5th somewhat irregular, not all of them complete. Epinotal spines widely separated from each other at base, scarcely diverging and gently raised towards apex, not longer than their distance at base. Interrugal spaces on thorax sculptured as those on head; rather obsolete microsculpture on sides of thorax, which are predominantly horizontally rugose and quite shining. Metasternal lobes with superior and inferior corners angulate to subdentate. Declivous face of epinotum smooth and shining. So are also the legs.

Petiole peduncle shagreened and opaque above, smooth and shining below with a prominent, thin, sagittal crest; slightly shorter than the elongate, coarsely reticulate-rugose, feebly compressed, anteriorly abruptly raised, node which forms in front a rounded peak. Postpetiole a bit broader than long, finely reticulate-punctate, and more coarsely longitudinally rugose, rugae stronger on sides than on disc. Sides of postpetiole strongly converging towards petiole insertion, in dorsal view very gently constricted also in front of gastric origin. Gaster smooth and shining.

Erect, fine and long hairs abundant and very dense on body, oblique on scapes and legs (very prominent). Gaster lacking decumbent hairs between the erect ones.