

subquadrate, nearly as long as broad, with subparallel and almost straight sides, occipital border gently excavate. Clypeus without a median tumulus on disc, its anterior border very gently convex. Antennal scapes fail to reach the occipital corners by a distance equalling its maximum width. Thorax smooth and shining, the sparse punctures inconspicuous; striation confined to the extreme metasternal angle. Dorsum of thorax at least slightly impressed at meso-epinotal junction; epinotum at a slightly lower level than disc-shaped mesonotum. Mesoepinotal suture absent. Thorax strongly compressed at mesoepinotal junction. Basal face of epinotum narrowed in front to almost a point, forming posteriorly an obtuse angle with declivous face, which is oblique. Mesial spur of mid tibiae narrow and pointed, projecting well beyond apex of tibia. Extensor face of hind tibiae lacking heavy, spine-like setae on apical half. Petiole (Figs. 3, 4) much longer than broad, the node laterally compressed; subpetiolar process relatively low and dentate. Sternum I of gaster without a marginate tuberosity below petiolar insertion.

*Female*. — Similar to the worker, of approximately the same size. Thorax length 1.92-1.94 mm. Maximum diameter of eyes 0.27 mm. Petiolar node somewhat shorter than in worker. Wings as shown in Figs. 6 and 7. Hind wing with 7 hamuli.

*Distribution*. — So far, this species is known only from Brazil and Bolivia. In Brazil it has been collected in the following states: São Paulo, Guanabara, Minas Gerais, Mato Grosso and Pará.

*Specimens examined*: 10 workers and 2 females, as follows: Brazil, São Paulo State: São Paulo, Ipiranga, Luederwaldt leg. 1 worker (syntype of var. *paulina*) (WWK); Agudos, December 4, 1955, W. W. Kempf leg. 1 alate female in leaf mold in woods (WWK); Pindamonhangaba, May 30, 1939, S. Schwarzmaier leg. 6 workers, 1 female (WWK); Guanabara State: Rio de Janeiro, date and collector unknown, 1 worker (holotype of *bohemanni*) (NRS). — Bolivia, Rosario on Lake Rocagua, Nov. 1921, W. M. Mann leg. 2 workers (WWK).

*Discussion*. — The original diagnosis of *bohemanni* contains a few mistakes that gave rise to the subsequent confusion. The holotype worker lacks the mesoepinotal suture; the mesonotum is not halfmoon-shaped but subcircular (the specimen is broken in two pieces at the promesonotal suture; the anterior end of the mesonotum, due to this accident, is deflected downward giving thus artificially the impression of a semilunar mesonotal disc); the length-width proportion of the petiolar node is 26:15, hence it is not twice as long as broad; the node again