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## A NEW SPECIES OF MYRMOTERAS FROM CEYLON (HYMENOPTERA: FORMICIDAE)<sup>1</sup>

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Several specimens of a new ant belonging to the genus *Myrmoteras* were collected recently on the Island of Ceylon by Dr. Edward O. Wilson, and were sent to me for study and description.

Myrmoteras ceylonica sp. nov. Fig. 1

Worker: Length, 3.09 mm.; head length (excluding mandibles), 0.90 mm.; head index, 0.94; thorax length, 1.17 mm.

The head of this species is heavily granulate, except for the shining occiput, occipital flange, and gula, and recalls the condition of *M. williamsi*, but unlike the latter species in which the cephalic furrow is marked, ceylonica shows no more than an elusive trace of this furrow. In certain lights, a narrow, median line of reduced and more widely spaced granules permits the area to shine and thus give a faint resemblance to the groove of other species such as binghami, donisthorpei, williamsi, or karnyi. M. ceylonica, therefore, belongs in that subdivision of the genus in which the head does not possess a median longitudinal furrow, or in which such a furrow is short and indistinct or nearly obsolete. Previously, only three species were found in this group, namely, mjoebergi, kemneri, and barbouri.

The new species may be distinguished at once from mjoebergi (3-5.6 mm.) by its smaller size (3.09 mm.) and

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