	Prothorax of the major without well-developed humeri; postpetiole without prominent lateral connules47
47.	Abdominal pilosity largely limited to coarse, erect hairs; length of the major 3.5-4 mm. morrisi
	Abdominal pilosity with many fine, subappressed hairs in addition to
	the coarse, erect hairs; length of the major 4-5 mm.
40	morrisi subsp. impexa
48.	Large species, the head of the major at least 2 mm. in length and usu-
	ally more 49 Small species, the head of the major not exceeding 1.5 mm. in length
	and usually less
49.	Pronotum of the major with transverse striae
	Pronotum of the major without transverse striae52
50.	Head of the major with longitudinal rugae confined to the anterior half,
	posterior half without sculpture except for piligerous punctures 51
	Head of the major with longitudinal rugae extending onto the anterior
	portions of the occipital lobes titanis
51.	Head of the major with a flattened, rugose area interposed between the
	frontal lobe and the eye, and furnished with large, interrugal foveolae; petiole with prominent lateral spiracles
	Head of the major without a flattened, rugose area between the frontal
	lobe and the eye; petiole unarmedvirago
52.	Postpetiole of the major, seen from above, very strongly transverse
	and notably constricted posteriorly, with prominent, sharply pointed
	lateral connules spadonia
	Postpetiole of the major, seen from above, only moderately transverse
	and not greatly constricted posteriorly, with rather short and blunt lateral connules
53.	Head of the major notably longer than broad (2.2 mm. $\times$ 1.6 mm.); the genae suddenly expanded just behind the insertions of the mandibles ridicula
	Head of the major very little broader than long (2.5 mm. × 2.4 mm.);
	the genae not expanded above the insertions of the mandibles militicida
54.	Sculpture on the head of the major extending to the vertex, only the
	occiput smooth and shining
	Sculpture on the head of the major largely confined to the anterior half
	of the head, the posterior half smooth and shining 55
55.	Mesonotum of the major depressed below the adjacent portion of the
	pronotum so that in profile it forms a distinct step or angular projec-
	tion between the pronotum and the epinotum dentata
	Mesonotum of the major not depressed below the adjacent portion of the pronotum, in profile the two forming an evenly curved outline which
	usually descends abruptly at the mesoepinotal suture
56.	Eyes of the major with 60 facets, or more57
٠.,	Eyes of the major with 40 facets, or less
57.	Head of the major with a flattened area extending posteriorly from the
	antennal fossa toward the occipital lobe; occipital lobes compressed