

ly minute, represented only by dimples. Mandibles stout, slightly curved, and furnished with 5 strong, subequal teeth.

Thoracic dorsum moderately convex, the pronotum flatter; angles between the pronotum and the propleurae visible but rounded and not prominent; mesoëpinotal suture very faint and in profile indicated only by a slight impression. Basal and declivious faces of epinotum connected by a somewhat gibbous or bulbous angle, the declivity thereby made concave. Petiolar scale narrow in profile, with lower anterior face vertical, upper anterior face receding, and the two meeting in a distinct angle; superior border of the petiole rounded but slightly pointed; petiolar spiracles unusually minute and directed forward. Gaster of usual camponotine shape, somewhat less than one-half the total length of the insect. Head and gaster exactly the same width, 1.72 mm; thorax 1.12 mm in width at widest point of prothorax.

*Sculpture:* Head and gaster moderately shining, thorax subopaque. Frons, clypeus, and mandibles obviously shagreened; mandibles finely rugulose; genae and occiput with notably finer shagreening and therefore quite shining; well-spaced punctures present on all surfaces of the head, including the mandibles, but piligerous foveolae are lacking from the cheeks. Thorax coarsely shagreened and matte, petiole and gaster only finely shagreened.

*Pilosity:* Hairs long, delicate, and pointed, yellow in color; present on clypeus, frons, vertex, gula, mandibles (very short), pronotum, mesonotum, epinotal angle, crest of petiole, coxae, legs (very few), and all surfaces of gaster. Pubescence dilute, consisting of very minute, widely spaced hairs on the head, thorax, gaster, scapes, and legs.

*Color:* Head, antennae, petiole, and gaster black; thorax deep brownish black with sutures and pleurae somewhat paler; coxae and other podomeres brown; mandibles dark reddish, and teeth black.

MINOR: Length, 5.0–5.5 mm; head length (excluding mandibles), 0.96–1.09 mm; head width, 0.86–1.02 mm; head index, 0.89–0.94; thorax length, 1.42–1.68 mm.

Similar to the major in most respects except size. Head proportionately smaller; clypeal emargination weaker and less noticeable. Antennal scapes project beyond the occipital corners by an amount slightly over one-half their total length. Sculpture and pilosity same as for the major. Color similar except that scapes, propleurae, mesopleurae, and epinotal sides are lighter and a yellowish brown in tone, particularly the sides of the prothorax and scapes; funiculi and legs brown.