

with strong transverse striæ; *epinotum* long, depressed at sides, highest before declivity, which is blunt and rounded, but distinct; *petiole* seen from above high, rounded, broadest at base, seen in profile higher than long, rounded from apex to base, very truncate posteriorly, flat and unarmed beneath. *Gaster* long and slender, *post-petiole* armed beneath, at junction with *petiole*, with a small projecting tooth, constriction between it and rest of *gaster* distinct; *sting* long. *Legs* long, *claws* pectinate. *Long.* 6.1 mm.

♂.—Black, shining, antennæ and legs brown, scapes, first joint of funiculus, tarsi, spurs, and articulations of the legs paler, clothed with delicate semi-erect yellow hairs, which are somewhat longer than in the ♀.

*Head* without eyes, longer than broad, strongly rounded behind, posterior border furnished with a very short collar; *mandibles* rudimentary; *clypeus* strongly carinate, produced into a sharp point anteriorly; *antennæ* moderately long; *scape* shining, about as long as third joint of antennæ, first joint of *flagellum* very short, shining, rest of antennæ rugose and dull; *eyes* very large; *frontal area* distinct with three raised lines; *frontal furrow* distinct; *ocelli* fairly large, the anterior one a little broader than the two posterior ones.

*Thorax* with well-marked *Mayrian furrows*; *scutellum* striate anteriorly; *epinotum* rounded without distinct declivity, transversely striate posteriorly; *petiole* much as in worker; *gaster* long and slender; *post-petiole* furnished with a similar tooth beneath to that of ♀, constriction between it and rest of *gaster* well marked; *pygidium* produced into a blunt tooth; *genitalia* exposed, *stipites* rather narrow. *Wings* pale yellow, veins more distinctly yellow, *pterostigma* brownish yellow; two closed cubital cells, two discoidal and one closed radial cell present. *Legs* long, *claw* pectinate. *Long.* 5.9–6.1 mm.

Described from six ♀♀ and two ♂♂, taken by Dr. Harms on Christmas Island in March and April 1934, in whose honour the species is named.

The ♂♂ were taken in April and the ♀♀ in March, but there is no doubt from the general similarity of the insects that they belong to the same species.

Types and cotypes in the B.M. Coll.