and metanotum are fine but distinct, suture between metanotum and epinotum stronger; the scutellum is not very clearly defined.

Long. 7 mm.

Type and  $\mathcal{L}$  type in B.M.

Described from a worker and a deälated female taken by Dr. Thwaites in Ceylon. Registered number 67. 25. This insect comes near to a little group of small species of Platythyrea—sagei Forel (India), pusilla Emery (Amboina), subtilis Emery (Borneo), wroughtoni Forel (India), etc.

It is larger, however, than any of them, and differs in

structure, etc.

The only other species of this genus known to occur in Ceylon is *P. thwaitesi* Donisthorpe [Ann. & Mag. Nat. Hist. (s. 10) viii, p. 496 (1931)]; also taken by Dr. Thwaites.

## Subfamily Myrmicinæ.

## Tribe CREMATOGASTERINI.

Crematogaster (Rhachiocrema) aculeata, sp. n.

 Head, thorax and antennæ slightly reddish yellow, legs, petiole and post-petiole pale yellow, gaster jet black, with a slight violet reflexion, teeth of mandibles red, eyes black, smooth and shining, clothed with a few scattered

outstanding vellow hairs.

Head subquadrate, posterior angles rounded, posterior border sinuate; mandibles slightly longitudinally striate. triangular, masticatory border armed with four moderately sharp teeth; clypeus convex, anterior border straight. posterior border rounded, with a rather distinct longitudinal carina on each side and a few faint lines in centre: eues round, convex, not very large, with rather coarse facettes; antennæ 11-jointed, with a distinct two-jointed club: first joint of funiculus about as long as (and somewhat wider than) the next two taken together, last joint of club about twice as long as the one preceding it. Thorax considerably contracted in middle; pro-mesonotum rather flattened, with no suture between; mesonotum with a distinct longitudinal ridge on each side at base; suture between mesonotum and epinotum deep; epinotum with dorsal surface slightly concave and wide, armed with two