DESCRIPTION OF A NEW SPECIES OF CREMATOGASTER LUND, SUBGENUS PHYSOCREMA FOREL, WITH A LIST OF, AND A KEY TO, THE KNOWN SPECIES OF THE SUBGENUS.

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## Crematogaster (Physocrema) moorei sp. n.

♥. Blackish brown, mandibles, lateral projections of clypeus, insertions of antennae, epinotum, petiole, joints two to four, and base of fifth of tarsi yellow; teeth black; shining and clothed with fine sparse yellow pubescence.

Head subquadrate, slightly narrowed anteriorly; posterior angles rounded, posterior border considerably excised in middle, extremely finely coriaceous, and minutely punctured, very finely longitudinally striate at inner sides of frontal carinae; mandibles longitudinally striate, armed with 4 or 5 teeth; clypeus triangular, convex and round in centre of dorsal surface, anterior border almost straight, posterior border semicircular; frontal area and frontal furrow not defined; frontal carinae short, diverging posteriorly, not extending as far as anterior border of eye; antennae moderate, 11-jointed, club 3-jointed; scape short, not extending as far as posterior border of head by about \( \frac{1}{3} \) of its length; eyes moderate, not very convex, situated behind centre of sides of head. Thorax narrowed anteriorly, slightly more conspicuously coriaceous than head; pronotum forming a neck, suture between pronotum and mesonotum not defined, suture between mesonotum and epinotum extending into a wide shallow furrow in centre; epinotum longer than pro- and mesonotum taken together, and considerably broader, very considerably inflated and swollen, broadest at base, where it is about as broad as head; declivity abrupt, flat, shorter than dorsal surface; a very large circular hole is situated on each side, beneath and close to the epinotal stigmata, being considerably larger than the latter. Petiole longer than broad, narrow, flat above, narrowed in front and behind, broadest about middle; post petiole transverse, broader and higher, but considerably shorter than petiole, rounded above and at sides, posterior surface with a circular constriction, or furrow, before apex; gaster short, heart-shaped, broader than epinotum. Long. 4.8 mm.

Type in B.M. (N.H.).

Described from a single worker—Philippine Is., Luzon, Bagnio, 25.ii.1920. Dr. A. Moore, B.M. 1922, 101.

This insect does not agree with any description of any known species of *Physocrema*. It comes nearest to *inflatus* Smith in appearance, but the scapes are shorter, the petiole is longer and narrower, and the whole insect is smoother and more shining, etc.

The following is a list of the species known to date: