

No. 237.
 m. g. *Smith*

IRENEIDRIS MYOPS GEN. ET SP.N. (HYM., FORMICIDAE) FROM
 WAIGEU ISLAND, DUTCH NEW GUINEA.

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Reprinted from 'The Entomologist's Monthly Magazine,' Vol. lxxix.

***Ireneidris** gen. n.**

Eyes exceedingly small, only consisting of one omatidium; mandibles when closed leaving a distinct space before clypeus; club of antennae very large and very distinctly three-jointed, considerably longer than the rest of the funiculus, last joint twice as long as the two preceding taken together; no spurs to posterior pairs of tibiae. Otherwise nearest to *Monomorium* Mayr.

GENOTYPE: *I. myops* sp. n.

***Ireneidris myops* sp. n.**

♀. Pale yellow, smooth and shining, teeth of mandibles reddish; clothed with sparse short yellow outstanding hairs.

Head oval, longer than broad, posterior angles round, posterior border slightly excised in middle, broadest just behind eyes; *mandibles* moderately long, narrow, masticatory border armed with four small sharp teeth; *clypeus* transverse, narrow, triangular, slightly convex on disc, anterior border rounded, slightly projecting in middle, sinuate on each side, rather indistinctly bicarinate; *frontal*

* The late Professor Wheeler pointed out in 1938 (*Proc. New Engl. zool. Cl.*, 15: 1) that '*myrmex*' and '*myrma*' had been somewhat overworked as combining forms in generic names of ants, and suggested '*idris*' might be used to advantage. From Ἰδρις—'the knowing or provident one'—Hesiod's name for an ant.