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New Species of Ants from China and Mauritius.
 By HORACE DONISTHORPE, F.Z.S., F.R.E.S. Lond., etc.

Formicidæ.

Subfamily *PONERINÆ*.

Ponera grandis, sp. n.

♂. Reddish brown, head darker, mandibles, antennæ, and legs lighter. Whole body clothed with sparse yellow pubescence, more abundant on gaster.

Head subquadrate, sides slightly rounded, posterior angles rounded, posterior border almost straight, sculpture rather closely and finely rugous; *mandibles* long, triangular, with a row of punctures along masticatory border near teeth, masticatory border armed with eight teeth, the apical one being long and pointed; *clypeus* narrow, transverse, anterior border very slightly emarginate in centre, sinuate at sides; *frontal carinæ* short, flat, with a double lobe in front covering the insertion of the antennæ, convergent behind; *frontal furrow* narrow and rather faint, separating the frontal carinæ; *antennæ* 12-jointed, *scape* not quite reaching posterior border of head, *funiculus* gradually increasing in breadth to apex and not forming a distinct club, last joint pointed, as long as the two preceding taken together; *eyes* small, consisting of only eight ommatidia, situated before middle of sides of head. *Thorax* longer than broad, broader in front than behind; *pronotum* large, transverse, convex, puncturation not so close as on head, encircling mesonotum; *suture* between pro- and mesonotum deep and rather wide; *mesonotum* convex, transverse, much shorter than pronotum; *suture* between meso- and epinotum obsolete, represented by a shallow furrow; *epinotum* long, slightly constricted at sides, *dorsal surface* less closely punctured than pro- and mesonotum, longer than declivity, angle between dorsal surface and declivity well marked, *declivity* triangular, flat, smooth; *node of petiole* high, bluntly pointed above, anterior surface