Subfamily PSEUDOMYRMINÆ.

Tribe PSEUDOMYRMINI.

Tetraponera nitida F. Smith, Journ. Proc. Linn. Soc. Lond. Zool. v. p. 106 (1861).

1 \(\psi\), K.B. Mission, Milne Bay, March 18th, 1944.

Subfamily $M_{YRMICINÆ}$.

Tribe PHEIDOLINI.

Aphænogaster (Planimyrma) loriai Emery, Ann. Mus. Stor. Nat. Genova, xxxviii. p. 563 (1897).

 $12~ \mbox{$\script{$\script{\geq}$}$}$, Nadzab, Markham R. val., and E. Fork, Ngarfir, 1000–3000 ft., native trail, July, 1944. Under stones.

Aphænogaster (Deromyrma) projectens, sp. n. , ,

3. Brownish red, eyes black, shining, clothed with long, scattered, outstanding hairs, more abundant on the gaster.

Head narrowed in front and behind, narrowest just before rim of neck, narrowed in a slight convex curve from posterior borders of eyes to neck, front smooth and shining, with a small round projecting tubercle before median ocellus, neck short with sharp outstanding rim to posterior border; mandibles triangular, crossed at apex when closed, masticatory border armed with some six or seven short, rather blunt teeth before apical tooth, which is long and sharp; clypeus transverse, convex, smooth and shining, anterior border slightly excised in centre, sinuate at sides, and projecting at exterior angles: frontal carinæ short, slightly raised, divergent posteriorly, space between distinctly longitudinally striate; eyes very large, round and prominent, situated on each side of head; ocelli fairly large and projecting; antennæ 13-jointed; scape longer than the first three joints of the funiculus taken together; funiculus with first joint short, shorter than the rest, second joint shorter than the third, last ioint not so long as the two preceding joints taken together. Thorax considerably longer than broad, narrowed in front and behind; pronotum long, narrow, pointed at apex where it joins the neck of head, covered by the mesonotum; mesonotum long, flat, narrowed in front, and bluntly pointed, projecting over the pronotum, the anterior portion is shallowly hollowed out, in the