middle is a longitudinal space with two blunt projections at apex, continued posteriorly in a circular flat space, the sides of the hollow part are marked with widely separated narrow transverse depressions, on each side, before the centre of the mesonotum is a small projection rather sharply angled behind; no mayrian furrows are present; the scutum of mesonotum is long and flat, and the parapsidal furrows are well marked; the præscutellum is narrow in centre, with short, close, longitudinal'striæ before scutellum, and widened at sides; scutellum is oval, projecting, pointed behind; metanotum narrow, transverse, raised; epinotum long, dorsal surface concave, longer than declivity; the epinotal stigmata are situated in two projections; declivity convex on disc, gradually sloping posteriorly. Petiole long and narrow in front, widened towards apex: post-petiole considerably higher and broader than petiole, longer than broad, convex on disc, sides almost straight; gaster narrowed in front, broadest about middle, bluntly pointed at apex. Genitalia notexserted. Legs long and slender. Wings pale yellow, pterostigma and veins brownish vellow: forewing with one large cubital cell, one discoidal, and radial cell open.

Long. 7.2 mm.

Described from a single male taken by K. B. Krombein, Hanmor val., Milne Bay, New Guinea, 25th March, 1944.

## Volenhovia brunnea, sp. n.

Q. Dark brown, antennæ and legs lighter brown, clothed with rather long decumbent whitish yellow hairs,

and longer and shorter outstanding yellow hairs.

Head subquadrate, narrower in front than behind, cheeks almost straight, posterior angles rounded, posterior border excised in middle, longitudinally striate with cross striation forming a network of square shallow punctures; mandibles strong, triangular, punctured with shallow, round, scattered punctures, masticatory border armed with four or five rather blunt teeth, apical tooth long, sharp, and slightly curved; clypeus slightly rounded in front, convex on disc, extending posteriorly between insertion of antennæ, finely, longitudinally striate; frontal area in the form of a small, round, shallow fovea; frontal carinæ short, flat, slightly divergent behind; eyes fairly large, oval, slightly prominent, situated a little before