## A REDESCRIPTION OF THE TYPES OF STRUMI-GENYS MANDIBULARIS F. SMITH, AND CEPHALOXYS CAPITATA F. SMÍTH

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As my old friend the late Professor W. M. Wheeler once said to me, the Genus Strumigenys F. Smith much requires to be revised. This revision, I understand, is now being undertaken by Mr. W. L. Brown, Jr., at the Biological Laboratories, Harvard University. As F. Smith's descriptions of Strumigenys mandibularis and Cephaloxys capitata are quite inadequate for modern requirements; and as the rules of the British Museum do not allow types to be sent out of the Museum, I decided to redescribe the types of these two species. have done in the following short paper, which I trust will be of use to Mr. Brown in his revision of the genus

Strumigenus F. Smith.

Strumigenys (Strumigenys) mandibularis F. Smith. Reddish brown, top of head blackish, the clypeus and base of lobes being reddish brown, first segment of gaster somewhat marked with black, eyes black, legs brownish yellow. Head triangular or cordate, narrowed in front, posterior border deeply excised, the excision being rounded, the posterior angles, consisting of two broad bluntly pointed lobes, separated by the excision, which are depressed above anteriorly, feebly longitudinally striate and very finely granulate, clothed with a number of very short and narrow adpressed glittering scale-like hairs; mandibles not very long (0.6 mm.), stout, inner border above armed with two blunt teeth towards the apex, apex armed with three teeth, the two outside ones long and pointed, crossing each other when closed, the one between them short and blunt; a row of blunt not very close spine-like outstanding hairs is arranged along the inner border and also between the apical teeth; clypeus large, rather flat, transverse anterior border rounded and furnished with a row of clubbed hairs, posterior bor-